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THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE
Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$3.00 per
year, in advance.
The Weekly Gazette
Published every Thursday.
Is the largest Weekly newspaper in Wisconsin.
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Per year, in advance.....\$1.50
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THE WIRE BINDERS.
We print in this issue of the Gazette the
proceedings of the Minneapolis Millers'
Association held recently, in regard to wire
binders. It is a subject which is attract-
ing very considerable attention in Minne-
sota, and especially among the millers in
Minneapolis, where the damage resulting
to mill machinery from the use of wire
binders in the harvest field, is reported to
be very serious. For particulars regarding
the alleged damage, we refer the reader to
the report of the Committee. If the
charges brought against the wire binders
are half true, they are certainly serious
enough, and will no doubt lessen their sale
use. The Committee of the Millers' Asso-
ciation, after stating the objections to such
binders, and giving particulars relative to
the damages sustained by mill machinery
from grinding wheat bound by wire, earnestly
recommend that farmers discontinue the
use of the wire binders. The Association
went further, and adopted a resolution to
the effect "that whenever practicable, a
difference of ten cents per bushel, under
corresponding grade, be made in the pur-
chase of any wheat containing wire."

The farmers of the Northwest, where
eight-tenths of the wheat crop of the Unit-
ed States is raised, will feel an
absorbing interest in the question
of wire grain binders. The wheat fields of
the West are becoming so extensive, that
binding by hand seems to be inadequate;
and if the proceedings of the Millers'
Association are warranted by facts and
sustained by actual experience, the ques-
tion, How to harvest the wheat? will
prove a very serious one. The Association
not only recommend the discontinuance of
the wire binders, for the reason that they
are destructive of mill machinery,
injure the quality of bran,
and result fatally, oftentimes, to stock, but
it has gone so far as to resolve that for
wheat known to have been bound with
wire, a reduction of ten cents per bushel
will be made in the price. This seems to
us, and it will so strike the farmers, we
believe, that this resolution is ill-timed and
not well considered. It is well enough to
inform the farmers of the destruction
wrought on mill machinery by the
bits of wire so frequently found in wheat,
that is injuring the sale of bran, and makes
it a death-dealing article, but to resort to
the severe penalty of combining to force a
reduction of ten cents per bushel on wheat
bound with wire, is an unjustified penalty,
and is not altogether warranted by facts.
We believe that wire binders have done
much damage in Minnesota, both to mills
and to stock, and the millers have reason
to complain, but in Rock county, and in
fact in other portions of Wisconsin, where
wire binders are largely in use, we have
heard of no complaints as yet, either from
millers or from farmers.

The worst mood ever perpetrated on the
daily press North and West of Chicago,
was the attempt of Mr. Rogers, Private
Secretary of President Hayes, of the man-
agers of the Adams Express Company, and
the National Associated Press, to deliver
the President's message to the newspapers
by express. Mr. Rogers may not be in
anywise to blame, but the Adams Ex-
press company seems to be re-
sponsible for the outrage
perpetrated on the press in Wisconsin,
Iowa, Minnesota, and Western Illinois.
Instead of sending the message
by telegraph on the day of its delivery to
Congress as has been the custom for years,
it was agreed, in order to avoid aggravat-
ing blunders in its transmission, and to
save great expense, to send it by express
to the postmasters of the cities where daily
newspapers were issued, and
to send it in time to reach
them by Monday noon, when the postmas-
ters were directed by the President to de-
liver the message to the papers named.
The arrangement probably worked all
right for the papers published in Chicago
and in cities East of that point, but to those
in Wisconsin the plan was abortive and a
fraud. Somebody played right into the
hands of the Chicago evening papers, while
the journals in Wisconsin received the
message twenty-four hours after its deliv-
ery to both Houses of Congress. The mat-
ter should be investigated, and if any one
connected with the so-called Adams Ex-
press Company is responsible for the breach
of trust and the outrage, the public should
know it.

Several scores of financial schemes will be
before Congress in a few days. They are
already pouring in, and it now looks as if
the stream of bills and resolutions will al-
most be ceaseless. One resolution has been
offered in the Senate, instructing the com-
mittee on finance to inquire into the ex-
pediency of making the public dollar a full
legal tender for all debts, public and pri-
vate, and of suspending the coinage of the
42½¢ dollar, and recoining them into 43¢
grain dollars.

The Sunday Telegraph, of which Colonel
E. A. Calkins, of Milwaukee, is editor, has
been issued as announced previously, the
first number appearing on Sunday morn-
ing. It is a handsome twelve page paper,
finely printed, well edited as a matter of
course, and is filled with the choicest news
and miscellany. It is a family journal
which deserves a large circulation.

The Marquis de Lorne and Princess
Louise have at last reached Ottawa and
have settled down to business—he to rule
the dominion, and she to attend to things
about the house. They ate the Thanks-
giving turkey to-day.

THE NEWS.
A Grand Reception Proposed for General Grant.
The British Troops in Afghan-istan Waiting for Supplies.
A Massacre of Twenty French Settlers in New Caledonia.
The Pembina Branch of the Canada Pacific Railway Completed.
The Military Academy and Fortification Bills Pass the House.
Wonderful Things Predicted by Sam Cary and H. B. Wright.
Hangman Foote Appointed Superintendent of the New Orleans Mint.

MARKETS.
Special to the Gazette.
Chicago, Dec. 4.—No 2 spring wheat; cash 84 cents; December 85½ cents; January 85 cents; No 3 spring wheat, cash, at 7½ cents.
COGN—No 2 cash, 31½ cents; December 35½ cents; January 35 cents.
BARLEY—Extra No 3 cash, 43 cents; December, 48 cents; January 50½ cents.

NEW CALEDONIA.
Massacre of Twenty French Settlers.
Special to the Gazette.
PARIS, Dec. 4.—New Caledonia advises state that a fresh attack had taken place and that twenty French settlers had been massacred.

A HALT.
The British Troops in Afghanistan Halt and Await Supplies and Reinforcements.
Special to the Gazette.
TAHORE, Dec. 4.—General Roberts finding the Afghans in sufficient strength, feels justified in the hope of administering a crushing defeat, and will await the arrival of supplies and a full force of the British troops. The Afghans are at the top of Peiwar Pass, and are strongly fortified.

GENERAL GRANT.
He is not a Candidate—A Grand Reception Proposed.
Special to the Gazette.
New York, Dec. 4.—Corbin, Grant's brother-in-law, says the General is not a candidate for the Presidency.
A Boston special says a movement is on foot to give Grant a grand reception there, and in New York and Philadelphia, on his return home, which will be of a non-political nature. The Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise will be invited and it is believed they will accept.

MANITOBA.
The Last Spike in the Pembina Branch of the Canada Pacific Railway Driven Yesterday Amid Great Enthusiasm.
WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Dec. 3.—The last spike in the Pembina branch of the Canada Pacific Railway was driven to-day at 1 o'clock a short distance south of Roseau River bridge, seventy miles north of the boundary line. A party of ladies and gentlemen of Winnipeg went up by special train at 9 a. m., reaching the scene at noon, and were met by a small party of persons from Emerson. One hundred and twenty-five yards of track had been left undone to show the visitors how the work was carried on, and the last rail being laid by the track-layers working north and those working south, the last spike was driven by the ladies of the party, about twenty feet on north by train. Some of the ladies at the conclusion of the ceremony, the air, and all adjourned to camp, ten miles north, where Mr. Willis had prepared an excellent spread, which was heartily enjoyed by the hungry excursionists. During the lunch the laborers in an adjoining apartment of the camp sang several songs. The chair was occupied by Constable Taylor, and toasts of "Queen Victoria," "The President of the United States," and "Willis" were given and handsomely responded to. The men gave three cheers for Willis, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The Winnipeg excursionists returned home, making the trip in less than two hours. The Hon. Mr. Percy and wife, Mr. Bigford, and Mr. Willis went on north by train, being the first through all-rail passengers.

HANGMAN FOOTE.
The President Appoints Him Superintendent of the New Orleans Mint.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The President's nomination of Senator Foote, of Mississippi, familiarly known as "Hangman Foote," as Superintendent of the New Orleans Mint, in place of ex-Governor Hahn of Louisiana, who was appointed to that office, indicates his desire to rid himself of officials he appointed in New Orleans during the era of reconciliation. The conduct of the Marshal, Collector of Internal Revenue, at New Orleans, who joined with Hahn in defeating two of the republican candidates for Congress in Louisiana, has caused the President much annoyance, and he has already received a strong petition for their removal, so strong that the officials have sent a delegation on here to prevent any such action. Ex-Senator Foote's appointment is not, however, considered a good one, as he is very old, and his selection is in violation of the President's theory that residents should be appointed to office, and not carpet baggers.

WONDERFUL THINGS.
Sam Cary and H. B. Wright Pat Their Greenback Labors Together.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Sam Cary was on

the floor of the House to-day and received quite an ovation of all those who were members the term he served. He could not but two. This led him to remark upon the uncertain tenure of political life. Hendrick B. Wright, the great labor champion of Pennsylvania, took him in hand, and the two congratulated each other upon the glorious prospects of the infant party. Mr. Wright was anxious that the word "labor" should occupy a conspicuous place in the address issued yesterday, so as to attract the attention of the day laborers, that they might know of the great work being done for them here. Mr. Cary assured him that the word labor had a prominent place in the document. It is the belief of those gentlemen that no party on earth ever grew as rapidly as the Greenback party. They predict wonderful things.

RAPID PROGRESS.
The House Passing Bills with Extraordinary Rapidity.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The House to-day made such rapid progress with the work on hand as to surprise themselves. The Military Academy bill, which consumed ten days last year, went through to-day in less than half as many hours. A slight increase was given the academy on account of the new water supply. The fortification bill was also passed, and the House adjourned; the members congratulating themselves that this was better than windy debates. There is a stronger disposition to get through with business as soon as possible, and if their time for debate to put that in last.

DISMISSED.
YANKTON, D. T., Dec. 3.—The case of the Government against E. E. Hudson, late trader at the Crow Creek Agency, for the alleged forgery of twenty-three vouchers, on trial before the United States Commissioner, was dismissed to-night, the prosecution failing to back up its charge. This is one of the most important cases in the large batch lately brought against up-river Indian men.

Business is dull. Try stock speculation. Thousands of dollars are often made from an investment of one hundred. Send to Alex. Frothingham & Co., brokers, 12 Wall street, New York, for their Weekly Financial Report, sent free.

BAD FOR THE WIRE BINDERS.
Their Use Condemned by the Millers' Association.
At a meeting of the Minneapolis Millers' Association held yesterday morning, the damage resulting to mill machinery from the use of wire binders in the harvest fields, was brought up by the following report of a special committee to whom the matter had been referred:
GENTLEMEN:—Your committee appointed to investigate the question of damage by wire in wheat, respectfully beg leave to report:
At the Washburn "A" mill we found the stones were marked and glazed by the wires passing through, and we were told that the bolting-cloths were frequently cut and damaged by the sharpened edges of the wire. Mr. McDaniel, the head miller, produced several quart of flour, varying from one-quarter to two inches in length, which he said had been taken from the stones. He stated emphatically that the wire found in the wheat was a great damage to the mills.
At the Pillsbury mills we learned that they had been greatly troubled by wire in wheat, at each of their four mills, damaging their brush machines, stones and bolting-cloths.
At the Pillsbury mill we found that they had suffered much by the damage to brush machines and bolting-cloths.
At the Model mill they say their brush machine and bran duster have been badly damaged, also bolting-cloths injured, by the sharp pieces of wire.
In short, we found it to be the unanimous opinion of the millers that the wire now found in wheat is doing great damage to mills. It is the unanimous opinion of your committee that the continued use of the wire binder will materially affect the value of wheat so bound.
We earnestly recommend that the farmers discontinue the use of the wire binders, and that the millers, in return, should discontinue the use of wire binders, and that the church will see the day when she says to him "go." Hundreds of Methodist preachers are only waiting a leader to take them out of bondage to the conference, away from bread and butter servitude to bishops and presiding elders, to true liberty of thought and action. We know whereof we affirm. We have the letters in our possession, in which, in secret, because to become known would mean financial stress. And the people—the people are always more Catholic than their teachers and they would follow the Wesleyan spirit as they did in other days Wesley himself. Will the denomination force the issue? Time will show.

Fighting with a Wild Out.
A Rocky Mountain wild-cat, belonging to Mr. John Spencer, of Bayonne, N. Y., was allowed to escape, on Sunday, through the carelessness of some persons who were looking at it in its cage. Mr. Spencer returned on Saturday, from a hunting expedition in the West, bringing the wild-cat, which he had wounded with him. Its fierceness had not yet worn off, and it no sooner regained its freedom than it bounded away to the woods. Men, armed with guns and accompanied by dogs went in pursuit. The wild-cat was tracked into Cadmus woods. The hunter, at bay, and with all its natural ferocity attacked a dog that was chasing it. A fierce battle followed. The fighting animals grappling, rolled over and sprang at each other with fierce yells and barks. The dog was terribly lacerated, and came running out of the woods howling with pain. The wild cat had scratched out one of its eyes and otherwise seriously injured it.
A valuable hound was then put on the trail, and it led the party to a large hollow stump near the shore of Newark Bay. The hound kept at a respectful distance from the stump, in which the wildcat was evidently crouching. Mr. Spencer approached, and to scare the animal, he fired his gun into the stump. Instantly the wild cat sprang out with a terrific yell. It crouched, lashing its tail, and prepared for a spring at its pursuers. The battle with the dog had seemingly whetted its fury. Suddenly it sprang with all its strength at Mr. Spencer, its owner, who approached nearer than the others, thinking the animal might recognize him. Mr. Spencer luckily escaped its claws by dashing aside. It landed several feet behind Mr. Spencer. Before it could make another spring, Mr. Thomas Churchill, the hotel proprietor sent a bullet through its heart. The wild cat is to be stuffed for Mr. Churchill, to whom the owner presented it as a trophy of his marksmanship.

Was Fermented Wine Used by the Saviour?
Baltimore American.
Among the resolutions passed at the woman's temperance union, recently held in Baltimore, was one calling upon the churches to use none but unfermented wine at the sacrament of the Lord's supper, and signing as a reason that "fermented wine was not used by the Saviour on the occasion of instituting the last supper." The fermentation of grape juice consists in the conversion of the sugar into alcohol, carbonic acid gas being given off in the process. The chemical constituents of starch, sugar, and alcohol are identical, but

they are arranged in different proportions. When the Saviour was eating and drinking at the great feast in the house of Levi, as described in the fifth chapter of Luke, and the scribes and Pharisees assailed Him for drinking with publicans and sinners, he answered with the parable of the wine in the bottle. The description of the new wine bursting old bottles would certainly appear to describe the results of vinous fermentation, and the expression of a preference for one would also seem to point to complete fermentation in the wine of which the Saviour partook. The duty of temperance rests upon grounds altogether independent of the fact whether or not the wines used by the Saviour were fermented or were grape juice preserved from fermentation by boiling or some other process, and so, probably, the convention would not have based their demand upon the assumption that, except for the new wine bursting old bottles, the Saviour carefully ascertained the truth of the statement.

A Problem Long Since Solved.
How to remedy those prolific causes of disease an impoverished circulation and an impaired digestion, was a problem the solution of which had often baffled medical skill, but which was solved over a quarter of a century ago by the introduction of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to public and professional notice. Since that time, which may well be said to have initiated a new epoch in the history of medicine, the remedy and preventive referred to has obtained a foothold in the confidence of the American people that each succeeding year has only served to strengthen. It is recognized throughout the Union as a tonic of the first order, a remedy for and sure means of preventing fever and ague, and disorders of the stomach and bowels; as a reliable means of reforming a disordered state of the liver, and of counteracting a tendency to rheumatism, gout, urinary and uterine disorders, &c., &c., &c.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.
LAPPIN'S HALL.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 4th.
Positively the Last Night.
Prof. Carpenter's
Wonderful and Amusing Scenes in
MESMERISM!
The most Laughable, Wonderful and instructive Entertainment ever witnessed.
FORTY CONSECUTIVE NIGHTS
Last Winter in Chicago, McCormick Hall and Hooley's Theatre.
Admission—15 cents.
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Myers Opera House!
To-Night
Dr. O'LEARY'S
POPULAR LECTURE ON
CULTURE, MANNERS AND BEAUTY
Training of the body, Social Training, Amusements, dancing, etc. What to do and how to attain one's best success in life. At the close of the lecture the heads of three of the girls and three of the boys will be examined with a view to their education and callings in life.
ADMISSION—TEN CENTS.
Children under 14 years, Five Cents.

ONE TIME OF C. B. DUPEE CELEBRATED
Sugar Cured Hams the first of the season just received.
AT DENNISTON'S.

PARINATIONS OF ALL KINDS
AT DENNISTON'S.

PALATABLE PEAS AND GRAPES
Tatany and Malaga Grapes.
AT DENNISTON'S.

PINE TREES: TEAS THAT ARE WELL
worth the price.
AT DENNISTON'S.

JAVA MORHA AND RIO COFFEES,
Freshly Roasted.
AT DENNISTON'S.

ANPAI'S FRESH OYSTERS
The most reliable Brand in the market.
AT DENNISTON'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.
RUBBER
Boots, Dress Shields, Bolting, Shoes, Glove Cleaners, Packing, Coats, Cuff Pins, Tubing, Pants, Shawl Pins, Beds, Leggings, Sleeve Buttons, Pillows, Hats, Vest Chains, Cushions, Caps, Earings, Napkin Rings, Bage, Blankets, Toweling Rings, Penholders, Horse Boots, Lockets, Rulers, Suspenders, Thimbles, Bands, Sheeting, Match Boxes, Bracers, Corks, Cigar Cases, Corks, Brushes, Piano Covers, Funnels, Combs, Organ Covers, Scoops, Mirrors, Gymnastics, Tearing Cloth, Atomizers, Nipples, Carriage Cloths, Sponges, Door Mats, Broom Bins, Tumbler, Stands, Dog Bins, Wagons, Umbrellas, Webbing, Plant Sprays, Canes, Poles, Chair Pads, Mattings, Spleen, Finger Coils, Etc., Etc.

Leather Bolting, Table and Carriage Oil Cloths.
At Lowest New York Prices.
Wholesale and Retail.
Goodyear Rubber Company,
JAS. S. DUNN, Agent,
370 East Water St., Milwaukee
Branch of the Goodyear Rubber Co., New York
Send for Price List.
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NOTICE—Is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, at the Executive Office, in the City of Madison, in said State, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the pardon of John D. Norton, who was convicted in the Circuit Court for Rock county, upon the charge of passing counterfeit money, and was, by said Court, on the 24 day of November, A. D. 1877, sentenced to the State Prison of the said State of Wisconsin, upon said charge, for the term of four years.—Dated this 29th day of November, A. D. 1878.
dec29d4f

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GOOD NEWS
For Those Who Pay
For What They Eat.
—OF—
\$10,000 Worth
Staple and Fancy Groceries
At Cost and less than cost at
VANKIRK'S
CASH GROCERY AND TEA STORE.
Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Apples,
OYSTERS
Flour, and everything else needed to live on at
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER!
Before offered in this city. Owing to a proposed change in my business at the close of the year, I propose to give my customers the benefit of low prices until the stock is reduced. Call and see me and I will tell you more.
Yours, &c.,
W. T. VANKIRK,
apdwitf 23 Main St., Janesville, Wis.

We are now offering BOUTH'S Celebrated OVAL BRAND of Baltimore Fresh Oysters, the best in the market, at prices within the reach of all. Received daily by express; also a Full Line of Staple and Fancy Groceries. Cheap as the cheapest. And for several reasons my ill health being the chief cause, I offer my entire stock of Groceries for sale, with my best wishes in the trade given to the purchaser. Any one wishing to avail themselves of a rare chance to purchase into one of the best grocery trades in the city can do so by applying to the undersigned, who will show books to convince him of the fact if necessary. Yours respectfully,
G. W. HAWES,
Cor Main and Court Sts., Janesville, Wis.
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Farmers' Mills.
HOW IS THIS FOR LOW?
Patent Gem Flour per sack, 50 lbs.....\$1.00
St. Louis best winter wheat, per sack 50 lbs..... 1.25
Best old Minnesota, per sack, 50 lbs..... 1.25
New Minnesota per sack, 50 lbs..... 1.00
Wisconsin, per sack, 50 lbs..... 1.00
Back wheat No 1, per sack 25 lbs..... 70
Oat meal, best in the city, per 25 lbs..... 70
Boiled meal, per sack, 25 lbs..... 25
Graham flour, best in the city, per sack 25 lbs..... 60
Corn meal, per cwt..... 60
Corn and oats ground per cwt..... 60
Middlings per cwt..... 60
Chicken feed per cwt..... 60
Bran, per cwt..... 40
Buckwheat bran per ton.....\$3.00

These Goods are all of the
Very Best Quality!
And are guaranteed to give the very best satisfaction or money refunded, and we
Will Deliver to all parts of the City
Free of charge. We pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.
JAMES CLARK & CO.,
No. 11 West Milwaukee Street, Opposite the Postoffice.
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Stone Mills!
NOTBOHM BROS.,
PROPRIETORS.
Office Corner West Milwaukee & Franklin Sts. (Corn Exchange)
This is Low
Down with Rings & Monopolies!
Sun patent flour per 4 bbl.....\$1.50
Stone Mills standard per 4 bbl..... 1.45
St. Louis best winter wheat flour per 4 bbl..... 1.25
Best old Minnesota wheat flour per 4 bbl..... 1.25
New Minnesota wheat flour per 4 bbl..... 1.00
Wisconsin wheat flour per 4 bbl..... 75¢
Buckwheat 25 lbs No. 1..... 70
Oat meal (best in the State) per package..... 25
Boiled meal per sack 25 lbs..... 25
Graham flour to satisfy the taste, per 25 lbs..... 50
Corn meal per cwt..... 60
Middlings per cwt..... 60
Chicken feed (for young and old chickens), per cwt..... 60
Bran per cwt..... 40

Good Flour Exchanged for Good Wheat
Cash for Wheat. Goods delivered to any part of the city.
Cider! Cider!
Best quality of Pure, Sweet, Cider.
BOILED CIDER BY GALLON OR KEG
Drop a postal giving Street and Number; we will call for your Jug or Keg, and deliver the same promptly.
G. GRANT.
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A new blank, just printed.
For sale by the GAZETTE PRINTING CO.
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An extra copy sent for one year to any persons procuring a club of 15 names.
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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.
FURNITURE.
M. HANSON & CO.
ON THE RACE, - - - - JANESVILLE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.
Down to hard-pan prices. Upholstering done at lowest living rates. For genuine bargains, good goods, and fair dealing, call at their warehouses.
W. H. ASHCRAFT.
NO. 22, W. MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE
MANUFACTURERS AND
Dealers in all kinds of Furniture,
At Lowest Cash Prices. Special attention paid to Undertaking.
L. B. CUTTING, Proprietor,
64 W. MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE
New Furniture Rooms.
Keeps a Full Line of all kinds of Furniture at Lowest Living Figures. Undertaking a Specialty.
BRITTON & KIMBALL.
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE.
DEALERS IN
Fine Furniture, and Practical Under-takers.
12 Years' Experience. Prices of all Goods Very Reasonable.
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Photograph Gallery.
or many years past a permanent institution. Work Warranted Superior to any in the County.
BARBER SHOP & BATH ROOMS
HARRY ANDERSON.
N. MAIN ST., - JANESVILLE.
Tonsorial Parlor and Bathing Room.
Warm and cold baths at all hours. Anderson's Bandoline, the Finest Hair Dressing in use, only cents per Bottle.
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C. RAYMOND, Proprietor.
MILL ON THE RACE, - JANESVILLE
Does General Custom Grinding of all Kinds on Short Notice
And in the Best of Shape.
MERCHANT TAILORING.
W. C. HOLMES,
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - OPP. POST OFFICE,
Tailor and Draper; a Full Line of Fine Cloths Always on Hand.
Will be made to order in the best of style, at the lowest possible prices. We do good work.
INSURANCE.
Life & Fire Insurance, & Real Estate Headquarters of
H. M. HART.
Over \$100,000,000 of Insurance Capital Represented.
Office Second Floor of No. 46 North Main Street, Hart & Holdridge Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.
COLLECTION AGENCY.
H. H. BLANCHARD,
OFFICE ON MAIN ST., - JANESVILLE,
(Over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store)
Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.
Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business entrusted to him is promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
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WEBB & HALL.
LAPPIN'S BLOCK, - JANESVILLE
DEALERS IN
Watches, Jewelry, and Silverware,
HARNESSES, BLANKETS, ETC.
WM. SADDLER,
MAIN ST., - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE.
A Large Stock of Harness on Hand at Bottom Prices.
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JOHN GRIFFITHS.
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE
DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Cutlery,
Wood Work for Buggies and Wagons, Coal and Wood Stoves, &c.
W. S. BENNETT & CO.
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE
DEALERS IN
Hardware, Tinware and Woodware.
All kinds of Carpenters' Hardware: Wood, Pumps, Barbed Wire, and the Finest Cook and Heating Stoves ever offered for sale in the W. All kinds of Job Work done to order.
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HOGBOOM & ATWOOD.
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DEALERS IN
Coal, Wood, Brick, Water Lime, Quick Lime, Plastering Hair and Sewer Pipe.
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[CARPENTER & GOWDEY.
OFFICE CORNER OF ACADEMY AND RACE STREETS, JANESVILLE
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THE WIRE BINDERS.
We print in this issue of the Gazette the
proceedings of the Minneapolis Millers'
Association held recently, in regard to wire
binders. It is a subject which is attract-
ing very considerable attention in Minne-
sota, and especially among the millers in
Minneapolis, where the damage resulting
to mill machinery from the use of wire
binders in the harvest field, is reported to
be very serious. For particulars regarding
the alleged damage, we refer the reader to
the report of the Committee. If the
charges brought against the wire binders
are half true, they are certainly serious
enough, and will no doubt lessen their sale
use. The Committee of the Millers' Asso-
ciation, after stating the objections to such
binders, and giving particulars relative to
the damages sustained by mill machinery
from grinding wheat bound by wire, earnestly
recommend that farmers discontinue the
use of the wire binders. The Association
went further, and adopted a resolution to
the effect "that whenever practicable, a
difference of ten cents per bushel, under
corresponding grade, be made in the pur-
chase of any wheat containing wire."

The farmers of the Northwest, where
eight-tenths of the wheat crop of the Unit-
ed States is raised, will feel an
absorbing interest in the question
of wire grain binders. The wheat fields of
the West are becoming so extensive, that
binding by hand seems to be inadequate;
and if the proceedings of the Millers'
Association are warranted by facts and
sustained by actual experience, the ques-
tion, How to harvest the wheat? will
prove a very serious one. The Association
not only recommend the discontinuance of
the wire binders, for the reason that they
are destructive of mill machinery,
injure the quality of bran,
and result fatally, oftentimes, to stock, but
it has gone so far as to resolve that for
wheat known to have been bound with
wire, a reduction of ten cents per bushel
will be made in the price. This seems to
us, and it will so strike the farmers, we
believe, that this resolution is ill-timed and
not well considered. It is well enough to
inform the farmers of the destruction
wrought on mill machinery by the
bits of wire so frequently found in wheat,
that is injuring the sale of bran, and makes
it a death-dealing article, but to resort to
the severe penalty of combining to force a
reduction of ten cents per bushel on wheat
bound with wire, is an unjustified penalty,
and is not altogether warranted by facts.
We believe that wire binders have done
much damage in Minnesota, both to mills
and to stock, and the millers have reason
to complain, but in Rock county, and in
fact in other portions of Wisconsin, where
wire binders are largely in use, we have
heard of no complaints as yet, either from
millers or from farmers.

The worst mood ever perpetrated on the
daily press North and West of Chicago,
was the attempt of Mr. Rogers, Private
Secretary of President Hayes, of the man-
agers of the Adams Express Company, and
the National Associated Press, to deliver
the President's message to the newspapers
by express. Mr. Rogers may not be in
anywise to blame, but the Adams Ex-
press company seems to be re-
sponsible for the outrage
perpetrated on the press in Wisconsin,
Iowa, Minnesota, and Western Illinois.
Instead of sending the message
by telegraph on the day of its delivery to
Congress as has been the custom for years,
it was agreed, in order to avoid aggravat-
ing blunders in its transmission, and to
save great expense, to send it by express
to the postmasters of the cities where daily
newspapers were issued, and
to send it in time to reach
them by Monday noon, when the postmas-
ters were directed by the President to de-
liver the message to the papers named.
The arrangement probably worked all
right for the papers published in Chicago
and in cities East of that point, but to those
in Wisconsin the plan was abortive and a
fraud. Somebody played right into the
hands of the Chicago evening papers, while
the journals in Wisconsin received the
message twenty-four hours after its deliv-
ery to both Houses of Congress. The mat-
ter should be investigated, and if any one
connected with the so-called Adams Ex-
press Company is responsible for the breach
of trust and the outrage, the public should
know it.

Several scores of financial schemes will be
before Congress in a few days. They are
already pouring in, and it now looks as if
the stream of bills and resolutions will al-
most be ceaseless. One resolution has been
offered in the Senate, instructing the com-
mittee on finance to inquire into the ex-
pediency of making the public dollar a full
legal tender for all debts, public and pri-
vate, and of suspending the coinage of the
42½¢ dollar, and recoining them into 43¢
grain dollars.

The Sunday Telegraph, of which Colonel
E. A. Calkins, of Milwaukee, is editor, has
been issued as announced previously, the
first number appearing on Sunday morn-
ing. It is a handsome twelve page paper,
finely printed, well edited as a matter of
course, and is filled with the choicest news
and miscellany. It is a family journal
which deserves a large circulation.

The Marquis de Lorne and Princess
Louise have at last reached Ottawa and
have settled down to business—he to rule
the dominion, and she to attend to things
about the house. They ate the Thanks-
giving turkey to-day.

